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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/601,005	06/20/2003	Makoto Kudo	81751.0061 5768	
26021 7590 07/27/2007 HOGAN & HARTSON L.L.P. 1999 AVENUE OF THE STARS			EXAMINER	
			MEONSKE, TONIA L	
SUITE 1400 LOS ANGELE	S, CA 90067		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2181	
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			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
		•	07/27/2007	PAPÉR

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

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Office Action Summary		Application No.	Applicant(s)			
		10/601,005	KUDO, MAKOTO			
		Examiner	Art Unit			
		Vincent Lai	2181			
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication app or Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address			
WHI(- Exte - after - If NC - Failu Any	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY CHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DAISING OF MAILING DAISING OF MAILING DAISING OF MAILING DAISING OF MAILING THE MAILING DAISING OF MAILING	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tim vill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status	•					
1)⊠	1)⊠ Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>09 July 2007</u> .					
2a)⊠	This action is FINAL . 2b) This action is non-final.					
3)	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is					
	closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
Disposit	ion of Claims					
4)	4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-18</u> is/are pending in the application.					
, —	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.					
5 <u>)</u> [5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.					
6)⊠	☑ Claim(s) <u>1-18</u> is/are rejected.					
-	Claim(s) is/are objected to					
8)[Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o	r election requirement.				
Applicat	ion Papers					
9)	The specification is objected to by the Examine	r.				
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.						
	Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).					
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).						
11)	The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	aminer. Note the attached Office	Action or form PTO-152.			
Priority (under 35 U.S.C. § 119					
12)⊠ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).						
a) ⊠ All b) □ Some * c) □ None of:						
1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.						
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No						
3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage						
application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).						
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.						
	<i>w</i> .					
Attachmer 1) Notice	nt(s) ce of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview Summary	(PTO-413)			
2) Notice	ce of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	Paper No(s)/Mail D	ate			
	mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) er No(s)/Mail Date	5) Notice of Informal F 6) Other:	atent Application			

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DETAILED ACTION

Response to Amendment

1. Acknowledgement is made of the amendment to the claims and drawings filed by the applicant on 20 September 2006.

Priority

2. Acknowledgment is made of applicant's claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. 119(a)-(d). Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.

Information Disclosure Statement

3. The information disclosure statement (IDS) submitted on 4/22/2005 was considered by the examiner.

Response to Arguments

4. Applicant's arguments filed 9 July 2007 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

It is noted the changes between the claims submitted 20 September 2006 and 9

July 2007 are not properly marked. The claim listings of 9 July 2007 show supposed

amendments already present in the claims and does not show where changes were

actually made. In the interest of furthering the prosecution of the Application, Examiner

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is reluctantly accepting the amendments. It is noted future errors of this sort will be objected to and Applicant will have to correct such errors before prosecution can be continued.

Applicant argues on the bottom of page 12 of the remarks submitted 9 July 2007, "Applicant respectfully submits that Dowling teaches a branch address which may mean either a branch instruction or a branch target address...in contrast amended independent Claim 1 clarifies that, a branch address is an address in which a branch to a branch address target occurs."

Applicant recognizes that Dowling teaches a branch address may be a branch target address. There is not claim limitation that forbids such teachings of Dowling, thus Dowling does teach such limitations.

Applicant argues in the first full paragraph of page 13, "Applicant respectfully submits a branch instruction address does not teach or suggest that a branch address is an address in which a branch to a branch address target occurs."

It is noted that the arguments pertaining to the above claim does not offer analysis as to how Dowling does not teach such limitations. Examiner cannot meaningfully respond to statements disagreeing with rejection offer by Examiner. Without analysis as to how Dowling does not teach such limitations, the rejections stands.

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Applicant argues, at the bottom of page 13 and continuing onto page 14, "Dowling...discloses storing a branch condition, with the cited portion remaining silent regarding storing a branch address in the branch address storage register and storing a branch target address in the branch target address storage register...Applicant respectfully submits that a branch condition does not teach or suggest 'a branch address' as required by amended independent Claim 1."

Dowling states in the cited portion that branch condition is stored in registers. A branch condition must also signify a branch address and a branch target address or else a branch condition is useless. Given Dowling teaches storage of such information in registers, Dowling meets this limitation of the claims.

Applicant argues on pages 15-17, "Applicant respectfully submits that Dowling discloses comparing the branch address, which is a branch instruction address, with branch cache tags... Applicant respectfully submits that comparing a branch instruction address does not teach or suggest comparing with a value stored in the branch address register... Applicant respectfully submits that Dowling fails to disclose, teach or suggest comparing 'one of a previous fetch address and an expect next fetch address with a value stored in the branch address storage register.'

Once again, Applicant has offered no analysis on how Dowling does not and has simply stated disagreement. It is the contention that Dowling teaches such comparisons. Given Dowling does teach such examples via a state machine, one

having ordinary skill in the art would recognize such comparisons would be done in the manner claimed by the claims and thus the rejection stands.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

5. Claims 1-14 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Dowling (U.S. Patent # 6,157,988).

As per **claim 1**, Dowling discloses a data processing device using pipeline control, comprising:

an instruction queue in which a plurality of instruction codes is fetched (See column 10, lines 37-45: Instructions fetched are stored together);

a fetch address operation circuit which calculates a fetch address used to fetch an instruction code in the instruction queue (See column 10, lines 10-13: Fetch addresses are calculated);

a fetch circuit which fetches an instruction code that is read out based on the fetch address into the instruction queue (See column 16, lines 3-14: Fetching is done by hardware using instructions); and

a branch information setting circuit which decodes a branch setting instruction, wherein the branch setting instruction explicitly or implicitly specifies a branch address (See column 10, lines 13-15: An offset is used to figure out the branch address) and a branch target address (See column 10, lines 55-58: Calculations are deemed implicit specifications as circuit must use instruction to perform calculations), wherein a branch to the branch target address occurs when the fetch address is the branch address after x-th instruction from the branch setting instruction (See column 10, lines 13-15: An offset is used to figure out the branch address), the branch information setting circuit stores the branch address in a branch address storage register, and stores the branch target address in a branch target address storage register, when the branch setting instruction is decoded (See column 13, lines 29-34: Branching information is stored in registers);

wherein the fetch address operation circuit includes a circuit which compares one of a previous fetch address and an expected next fetch address with a value stored in the branch address storage register, and then determines whether or not to output a value stored in the branch target address storage register as a next fetch address, based on the comparison result (See column 13, lines 2-14: Branch target address comparisons are made to determine whether to output information from saved data).

As per **claim 2**, Dowling discloses all but the last paragraph of the claim for reasons similar to that of claim 1. Dowling also discloses a data processing device using pipeline control comprising:

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wherein the fetch address operation circuit includes a circuit which compares an expected next fetch address obtained by incrementing a value in a fetch program counter by one instruction length with a value stored in the branch address storage register, and then outputs a value stored in the branch target address storage register as a next fetch address when the expected next fetch address coincides with the value in the branch address storage register, or outputs the expected next fetch address as a next fetch address when the expected next fetch address does not coincide with the value in the branch address storage register (See column 16, lines 25-30: A non-delayed branch instruction is the offset branch address instruction).

As per **claim 3**, Dowling discloses the data processing device as defined in claim 1, wherein:

the branch setting instruction includes a loop instruction which designates a loop count (See column 18, lines 1-28: A counter is used with looping transitions);

the branch information setting circuit decodes the loop instruction which instructs to repeat a branch to the branch target address the number of times equal to the loop count (See column 18, lines 1-28: A loop counter will repeat until it has reached zero), and stores the loop count designated by the loop instruction (See column 14, lines 13-19: A loop count has to be specified); and

the fetch address operation circuit includes a circuit which outputs a value stored in the branch target address storage register as a next fetch address until the number of

times the branch to the branch target address repeats reaches the loop count (See column 18, lines 1-28: The loop counter is a determining factor for fetching).

Claim 4 is rejected for reasons similar to that of claim 3. Claim 4 has the same limitations as that of claim 3.

As per claim 5, Dowling discloses all but the last paragraph of the claim for reasons similar to that of claim 3. Dowling also discloses a data processing device using pipeline control comprising:

the fetch address operation circuit includes a circuit which decrements a value set in the loop counter each time when a branch to the branch target address occurs, and outputs a value obtained by incrementing the branch address by one instruction length as a next fetch address when the value of the loop counter reaches zero (See column 18, lines 1-28: The counter is not limited to just branch addresses and can also be used for branch target addresses).

Claims 6-8 are rejected for reasons similar to that of claim 5. Claims 6-8 have the same limitations as that of claim 5.

As per claim 9, Dowling discloses the data processing device as defined in claim 3, wherein:

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the loop instruction has the branch target address which is fixed relative to the loop instruction and also has no branch target address information in an operand (See column 10, lines 15-17: Branch target address has to be calculated and thus would not be in the operand); and

the branch information setting circuit includes a circuit which calculates the value fixed relative to the loop instruction and stores the calculated value in the branch target address storage register (See column 10, lines 13-15 and column 13, lines 29-34. An offset is used to figure out the branch address, the branch address which is stored in registers).

Claims 10-12 are rejected for reasons similar to that of claim 9. Claims 10-12 have the same limitations as that of claim 9.

As per claim 13, Dowling discloses electronic equipment comprising:

the data processing device (See column 18, lines 39-43: Pipeline is meant to be used in a processor);

means for receiving input data (See column 9, lines 60-62: An input is necessary); and

means for outputting a result of processing the input data by the data processing device (See column 10, lines 64-65: After execution, data is put on data path to be stored).

Claims 14-18 are rejected for reasons similar to that of claim 13. Claims 14-18 have the same limitations as that of claim 13.

Conclusion

6. THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

7. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Vincent Lai whose telephone number is (571) 272-6749. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F 8:00-5:30 (First BiWeek Friday Off).

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Fritz M. Fleming can be reached on (571) 272-4145. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

vl July 14, 2007 1/20/2007

Vincent Lai Examiner Art Unit 2181

> ALFORD MINDRED PRIMARY EXAMINER